## NOTES 4.7 Piecewise Functions

## **Piecewise Function**

A **piecewise function** is a function defined by two or more equations. Each "piece" of the function applies to a different part of its domain. An example is shown below.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x - 2, & \text{if } x \le 0\\ 2x + 1, & \text{if } x > 0 \end{cases}$$

- The expression x 2 represents the value of f when x is less than or equal to 0.
- The expression 2x + 1represents the value of *f* when *x* is greater than 0.



## In Exercise 1–9, evaluate the function.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 3x - 1, & \text{if } x \le 1\\ 1 - 2x, & \text{if } x > 1 \end{cases}$$

$$g(x) = \begin{cases} 3x - 1, & \text{if } x \le -3\\ 2, & \text{if } -3 < x < 1\\ -3x, & \text{if } x \ge 1 \end{cases}$$

$$f(0) \qquad 2. \quad f(1) \qquad 3. \quad f(5)$$

**4.** 
$$f(-4)$$
 **5.**  $g(0)$  **6.**  $g(-3)$ 

**7.** 
$$g(1)$$
 **8.**  $g(3)$  **9.**  $g(-5)$ 

1.



## In Exercise 10–13, graph the function. Describe the domain and range.







**16.** A postal service charges \$4 for shipping any package weighing up to but not including 1 pound and \$1 for each additional pound or portion of a pound up to but not including 5 pounds. Packages 5 pounds or over have different rates. Write and graph a step function that shows the relationship between the number x of pounds a package weighs and the total cost y for postage.



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