

Proving Points are the Vertices of a Right Triangle

Method 1:

Calculate the length of each side using the distance formula.

Use Pythagorean Theorem to determine if the lengths of the sides form a right triangle.

Method 2:

Plot the points.

Calculate the slope of each side which creates the potential right angle. Decide whether a right angle exists.

Determine if the triangle is a right triangle.

Practice Problems

1. Given the points $(13, -1)$, $(-9, 3)$, and $(-3, -9)$ prove the points create a right triangle.
2. Given the points $(6, 1)$, $(0, 4)$, and $(-1, -7)$ prove the points create a right triangle.
3. Given the points $(1, 2)$, $(5, 4)$, and $(-3, 0)$ prove the points create a right triangle.
4. Given the points $(-1, 7)$, $(10, -4)$, and $(12, -2)$ prove the points create a right triangle.
5. Given the points $(5, 4)$, $(11, 6)$, and $(15, -6)$ prove the points create a right triangle.